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Using Historical-Cultural Reminiscences for Tourism Purposes as an Example of Termez District

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Abstract

this article on the importance of tourism around the world, including the role of tourism in uzbekistan, the country's tourism in the development of a wide range of works, objects and thoughts about our country's rich historical and cultural heritage of comments and quotes. Old Termez termez in the territory andin some of the available archaeological, architectural and monumental objects, discusses the opportunities and prospects for tourism in the world.

Key words: Tourism, cultural and historical heritage, monuments, pilgrimage tourism, archaeological tourism.

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ACCESS: Tourism (tourism) industry is one of the most dynamically developing sectors of the world economy. Its comprehensive development, is becoming a large source of income for many countries.

The information of the year 2015 in the united nations world tourism organization the world has been recorded over 1 billion 184 million tourists every year if by the end of 2016, this figure 235 million to 1 billion, i.e., up to 3.9 percent. Travel services shown here in the year 2015, the cost of export of nearly 1.5 trillion us dollars. Also you can see a big difference in this the number in 2016-2017 years.

Also as we have seen, has become one of today's most important economic sectors of the tourism industry. Therefore, the further development of this area of the state of the world, create the appropriate

infrastructure at international standards in this regard and implement all measures by increasing the flow of tourists.

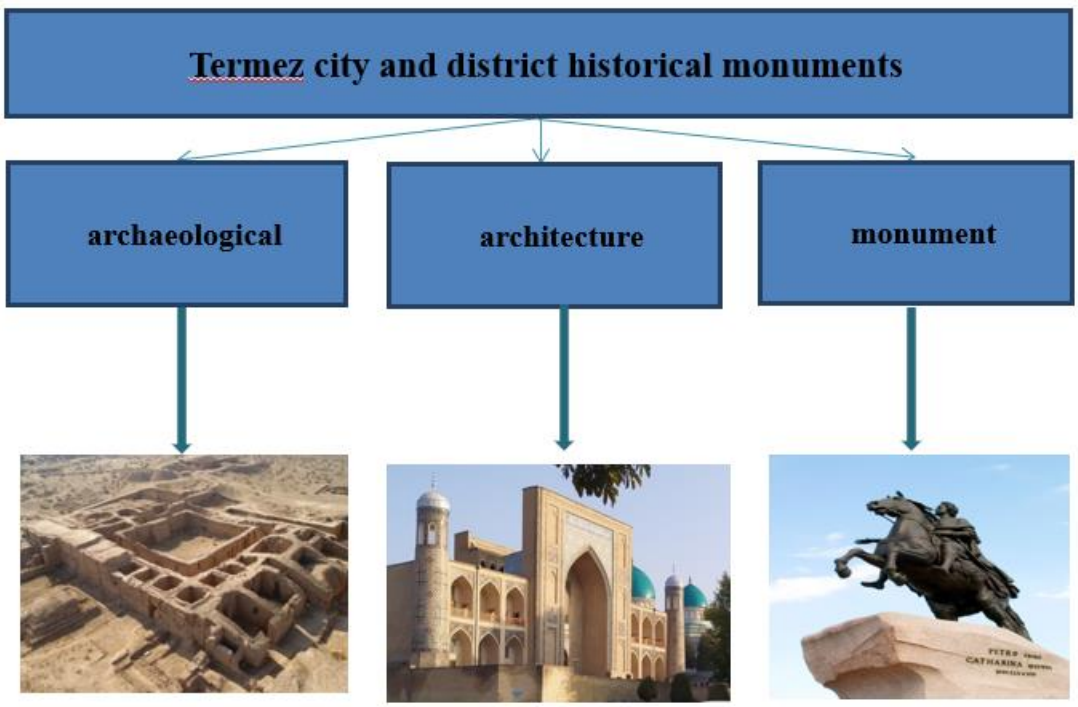
The historical and cultural heritage of uzbekistan – 7300 architectural and archaeological monuments more ancient than you. Many of them are samarkand, bukhara, khiva, Shakhrisabz, Termez, kokand and tashkent is located in the city of. More than 200 historical monuments and unesco's cultural heritage list of monuments of the country are included.

Don't stand so rich historical and cultural heritage of our world if not known to them? Our historical heritage and rich enough maqtagulik it worthwhile for us. Only 15 million tourists per year to the city of paris in france to visit. While we from counting the number of tourists every year than last year increased slightly if o'tmayapmiz from baralla to spread beyond it. Don't have the potential of being a major tourism to the state, one city if unable to achieve results?

1 million 800 thousand tourists visit in our country the number was noted. The main tourist season in the country you march in the middle of the month of June is the end of the season does not start up and initial so'ngiga, so it is difficult to imagine the flow of tourists coming during the same period.

Finally, the hotel also had not enough of us of european countries and is growing significantly every year, with the price almost equal to the price of the hotel. In this respect, again to paris, "contact" that we have, there 4.260 than the number of hotels in the city and its surrounding area that makes it. This figure 4 times lower half us a while in the country, that is, only 750 units available on the country hotel.

According to the data, at the same time, the share of tourism in the gross domestic product of the country to 2 percent. This is very much low indicator. Tourism activities is performed while the number of firms and organizations than 433.



1. Nomsiztepa
2. Fayoztepa
3. Zurmala
4. Ayritom
5. Kampirtepa
6. Qirqqiz
7. Qoratepa

1. Hakim at-Termizi
2. Sultan-Saodat
3. Kokildor
4. Murchbobo
5. From Kifl
6. Alexander Nevsky

1. Alisher Navoi
2.The mourning mother monument
3. Alpomish

Main parts: Policy learning that I have come out of termez, surkhandarya region, termez and the old city of historical and cultural objects also if there are prospects of tourism development in the territory of a brief comment to giving some of them will take.

Nomsiztepa – uzbekistan's cultural and heritage facilities. Surkhandarya region, termez in the district of "Sample" is located in mfy.By the cabinet of ministers of the republic of uzbekistan 2019-4 years-in October the objects of cultural heritage material are included in the national list of real estate of the state to the protection taken.

Fayoztepa – xarobaga near the city of old termez termez north-west 1 km from qoratepa the north-east of termez district of Muhammad hakim termizi is located in the neighborhood.L. i. alba was studied by memorial archaeologist years 1968-76 drum.Fayoztepa consists of 3 parts, namely in the central part of the synagogue,its north-western monasteries in the south-east, while facilities located in building the economy.More than 1.5 thousand sq. km of the total area.

Zurmala tower – Termizdagi architectural monuments. Mile.avv.Independent estimates of civilian deaths in the period related to buddy ii of the century facilities. A. Strelkov it the "stupa"considered that.Zurmala tower to the height of 14.5 m xarobaga as a result of archaeological research.This is basically about a cylindrical tower built from raw bricks of islam in the form of rectangular, teppa the dome – the dome, made of limestone covered with virgin, bo'rtma gorelef on the basis of the sculpture. Find many route of the piece with the piece Toshtaxtalar taroshlangan Zurmala tower, covered with stone, it is estimated that also on the outside.

Ayritom - uzbekistan allowing testimony from the history and culture of the people of the ancient city ko'xna xarobaga. Termez district, is situated on the shores amudarya. It consists of 90 acres of its area.Ayritom havonchada buddy (stupalari) were found.

Kampirtepa – the ancient city xarobaga (mil.av.III mil.Iii-a) the right of the beach 30 km away from the city of amudarya termez , Surkhandarya region, that is located 0.5 km from the village of west sho'ro.Part 2 Kampirtepa; west and located on the east side of the castle, surrounded with a wall around part of it is not.

Zul Kifl – mausoleum of the prophet in the amudarya the edge of the island – island reserve is located in the territory of the prophet.Kifl prophet From the island called the island of the prophet were buried in the same earth because I also started to.Maqbaraning built of the same year are not available,but buildings XI-xii century,belonging to The g'aznaga was built in a period.

Kirkkiz of the castle – ms IX-xi century is related to Termez is located on the territory of the district. Information about for what purpose were not built. In the middle ages, its castle on the outside of the city of termez in particular in the production function shows that out of the town.The uniqueness of the castle, that is, the world can be built without strictly proportional to the side of it.

Koratepa – Buddy the cave churches complex (ms I-ii centuries). Old Termizning the north-eastern part is located. In 1937, e. g. and m. e. Masson Pchelina were checked.Archaeologists in the 1960s, B. Ya.Staviskiy, which works out to dig.3 natural obi built in the hump.The total area of more than 8 hectares.

Al-hakim at - Termizi mausoleum – Termizdagi architectural monuments. IX-xv century related.This mausoleum was rebuilt during the century. Mosques,mausoleums,xonaqoh,qorixona the building consists of.Abu muhammad abdullah hakim termizi paired with the complex name. Years 1955-57 mausoleum of scientific studies in the xiv-xv century will restore the appearance.In the 2001-2002 year and the year 1980-81 and re pardozlangan xonaqoh the mausoleum.This total complex of islam,28, 0x29,m 0, maqbara5,10x4,70 m

Sultan Saodat complex – X-XI-sixteenth century related. Kompozitsiya unique architecture gives the width of the republic of uzbekistan plans. This is daxmasi termez sayyidlar family. I built a dome of the

mausoleum of his first two tanobi a column base, and is adjacent to the western part of the courtyard will come. The complex also includes the mausoleum of 20.

Xonakoh Kokildor – Termez district in the sample villages in architectural monuments.Mausoleum related to the xii century. Aloulmulk Xudovandzoda among the people (Non-judge) ko'shkida, “dear upon”, “eshon Az”, “Kokildor” (kokil the traditions of excision) called.

Murchbobo mosque – Imam, who lived in the city of Termez in 1930 by way of Aliboy awarded by the People’s Republic was founded. If this is associated with cocaine pepper around the side of sprouting from naming the mosque this mosque is “Pepper bobo called” the one who had called with the same name and was the reason Abdulvali was repelled with Sayyid al-Mulakkab pepper grandfather.

Alisher navoi monument – uzbekistan's cultural and heritage facilities.A monument of monumental art. Surkhandarya region, termez is located in the city of. By the cabinet of ministers of the republic of uzbekistan 2019-4 years-in October of the objects of material cultural heritage real estate is included in the national list.

The mourning mother monument – is located in the city of termez. This area is 6 billion 200 million funds have been spent for the building. The area of 2 hectares. An'anlarini tent erected in the area, which includes a broad modern architecture and art, and prepared special alyuminiydan the set of books. This book surxondaryolik who were killed in the name of the Second World War-was stricken with familyasi zarhal letters.

Alpomish monumental sculpture – in the city of Termez “Art palace” is located in the area. In this artwork sculpture created by Norxo'rozov Sacrifice “Alpomish”alpomish the protagonist of a horse in February boychibor Bobotog point, the inter-cloud “uchirtirib” growing image of the described. From 1 year to create this sculpture monument oshiqroq time spent.

Saint alexander nevsky church – initially in 1902 and located in tashkent 1-Russian turkestan rifle was built for the teams. Alex about it until the year of 1910 at saint 9-if you belong to the turkestan rifle polk voters, then it took the same name in honor of saint alexander nevsky. Ripe synagogue built from brick, large ikonostasga and have a bell tower. Pilgrims and tourists can visit to church today.

SUMMARY

Needless to say in conclusion urni are old termez termez to the territory of historical and archaeological obed.

Entertainment and architectural objects to the territory of the city of Termez.

Many archaeological ancient religions are objects that serve to obe'ktlarning part shall be considered to buddaviylik is considered one of religion.

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